Benha University

Electrical Engineering Department

Faculty of Engineering (at Shoubra)

## Lab 03

## Getting Started

1. Start MATLAB
2. On the HOME tab, in the ENVIRONMENT section, click $\square$ Layout, then Default. ${ }^{1}$

3. Consider the Command Window.

| Command Window | (1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| (i) New to MATLAB? Watch this Video, see Examples, or read Getting Started. | $\times$ |
| $f_{\sim}^{x} \gg 1$ |  |

## Vectors

4. Ten students in a class take a test. The marks are out of 10 . All the marks are entered in a MATLAB vector, marks. Write a statement to find and display the average mark.
Try it on the following: 58010385794

5. What are the values of $x$ and a after the following statements have been executed?
```
a = 0; i = 1; x = 0;
a}=a+i
x = x + i / a;
a = a + i;
x = x + i / a;
a = a + i;
x = x + i / a;
a = a + i;
x = x + i / a;
```

$\qquad$

``` x =
``` \(\qquad\)
``` 0
``` \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
```

a =

```
a =
a = a + i;
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
a = _--------------- x =
-----------------
-----------------
    a = ----------------- x
    a = ----------------- x
    x =
    x =
    ----------------
    ----------------
    a = _---------------------------------
    a = _---------------------------------
    a = _--------------------------------
    a = _--------------------------------
    -----------------
```

    -----------------
    ```

\footnotetext{
1 You may like to try other Layout options.
}


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\section*{Loops}
6. Rewrite the statements in the previous exercise more economically by using a for loop. Can you do even better by vectorizing the code?

7. Work out by hand the output of the following script for \(n=4\) :
```

n = input( 'Number of terms? ' );
k = 1, s = _--0+1/12=1
s = 0;
for k = 1:n
s = s + 1 / (k ^ 2);
end;
k
k = 4, s =
disp(sqrt(6 * s))

```
8. If you run this script for larger and larger values of n , you will find that the output approaches a well-known limit. Can you figure out what it is? Now rewrite the script using vectors and array operations.


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\section*{Applications}
9. The steady-state current I flowing in a circuit that contains a resistance \(R=5\), capacitance \(C=10\), and inductance \(L=4\) in series is given by
\[
I=\frac{E}{\sqrt{R^{2}+\left(2 \pi \omega L-\frac{1}{2 \pi \omega C}\right)^{2}}}
\]
where \(E=2\) and \(\omega=2\) are the input voltage and angular frequency, respectively. Compute the value of \(I\).

10. The electricity accounts of residents in a very small town are calculated as follows:
- If 500 units or fewer are used, the cost is 2 cents per unit.
- If more than 500 but not more than 1000 units are used, the cost is \(\$ 10\) for the first 500 units and 5 cents for every unit in excess of 500 .
- If more than 1000 units are used, the cost is \(\$ 35\) for the first 1000 units plus 10 cents for every unit in excess of 1000 .
- A basic service fee of \(\$ 5\) is charged, no matter how much electricity is used.

Write a program that enters the following five consumptions into a vector and uses a for loop to calculate and display the total charge for each one: \(200,500,700,1000,1500\).


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11. A mortgage bond (loan) of amount \(L\) is obtained to buy a house. The interest rate \(r\) is \(15 \%\). The fixed monthly payment \(P\) that will pay off the bond loan over \(N\) years is given by the formula
\[
P=\frac{r L(1+r / 12)^{12 N}}{12\left[(1+r / 12)^{12 N}-1\right]}
\]
a) Write a program to compute and print P if \(\mathrm{N}=20\) and the bond is for \(\$ 50,000\). You should get \(\$ 658.39\).
b) See how \(P\) changes with \(N\) by running the program for different values of \(N\) (use input). Can you find a value for which the payment is less than \(\$ 625\) ?
c) Go back to \(N=20\) and examine the effect of different interest rates. You should see that raising the interest rate by \(1 \%(0.01)\) increases the monthly payment by about \(\$ 37\).
```

